



World Food
Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

WFP in Haiti | Information Booklet

An overview of WFP Haiti's activities, achievements and targets

February 2024



World Food
Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Table of Content

Executive summary	1
Engagement with the Haitian government	2
Emergency response in Haiti	3
Policy and social protection activities in Haiti	4
School meal programme in Haiti and its transition to home-grown school meal	6
Resilience activities in Haiti	7
Micro-insurance activities in Haiti	8
Climate action in Haiti	9
Contingency stock in Haiti	10
Supply chain and logistics in Haiti	11
The United Nations Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)	12
Thanks to WFP's donors	13



World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Executive Summary

WFP has been working in Haiti since 1969, providing **humanitarian assistance** during emergencies and **supporting development** through long-term solutions to end hunger and address undernutrition, while strengthening national social protection, education and food systems. To reach its goal of Zero Hunger, WFP implements flagship programmes such as home-grown school meals, and has supported the Government of Haiti through policy development and capacity building. All WFP programmes are implemented in partnership with the Government of Haiti.

In addition, WFP's robust **logistics** and **supply chain capacities**, including the **United Nations Humanitarian Air Service**, enables the humanitarian community to reach people in need, sometimes in the most hard-to-reach areas.

Trends show a steady deterioration of the food security situation since 2016. The latest Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) covering August 2023 to February 2024, highlights that 44 percent of the population in Haiti, or **4.35 million people**, are **acutely food insecure** (IPC 3+), of which approximately **1.4 million** are in **Emergency phase** (IPC 4).

In addition to the food security crisis in Haiti, there are more than 310,000 **internally displaced people** in the country due to armed group violence, 60 percent of which were displaced in 2023. Haiti is also exposed **to natural hazards**, which are worsened by climate change, such as flooding, landslides and droughts.

WFP, in partnership with the government, is implementing its new **Country Strategic Plan 2024-2028** (CSP) with a budget of USD 1.5 billion, approved in late 2023. In the initial year, 50% of beneficiaries will participate in programs promoting resilience and Haiti's development. This percentage will grow over time as beneficiaries shift from emergency assistance to long-term initiatives.

In 2023, WFP supported **2 million people** in Haiti, with 1 million hot meals, 9,000 mt of food and USD 80 million of cash-based transfers, a record for WFP in the Latin America and the Caribbean region. WFP also bought USD 8.4 million worth of locally produced food from smallholder farmers, which aligns with the government's policy and WFP's new CSP.

The country office's goal is to reach **2.25 million people in 2024**, and needs **USD 104.1 million** to be able to implement its operations in the next **6 months** (February – July 2024).

In partnership
with:





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Engagement with the Haitian Government

WFP is fully committed to supporting Haiti in its efforts to achieve the **Sustainable Development Goals** and national development goals through well-established partnerships with **key state institutions**.

WFP collaborates closely with the **Directorate for Civil Protection** (DGPC) to strengthen its capacity to anticipate and react to **shocks** and reach those in urgent need with high quality assistance and support. For example, the two entities co-lead the Logistics Sector together to facilitate coordination and information sharing.

WFP contributes to collective efforts to increase access to **national social protection systems** that safeguard and foster Haitian's ability to meet needs including food security, nutrition and other essentials, to reduce the negative effect of risks and shocks. WFP supported the Government of Haiti in the development of the National Social Protection and Promotion Policy (NSPPP), adopted in June 2020, and its Action Plan, adopted in October 2023. This policy provides the institutional framework for all future social protection initiatives. Since its adoption, WFP is supporting enhancements to the quantity and quality of national social protection programming, through established partnership with the **Ministry of Social Affairs** and the **Fund for Economic and Social Assistance**, by providing on-demand cash transfer and associated services to governments and partners. WFP is working to establish government-to-person payments systems (G2P) for social protection through end-to-end technical assistance, payments and insurance services for national programmes.

WFP is equally supporting the SIMAST (Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour's Information System), a **social registry** developed in 2013 which is the only comprehensive social registry in the country, with more than 615,000 households registered.

WFP works with the **Ministry of Education** to improve the scale and quality of the **national school meals programme** and facilitate ownership. In line with the National School Meals Policy and Strategy, updated in 2024 with WFP's support, WFP aims to locally source all the food for its school meals programme by 2030, contributing to the triple nexus by boosting the local economy and significantly reducing WFP's environmental footprint.

WFP is working with the **Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development**, to support smallholder **productivity** and **climate change adaptation** through various initiatives, such as the delivery of last-mile climate services through Participatory Integrated Climate Services for Agriculture or scaling up parametric microinsurance against extreme weather events, which additionally serves as entry point for financial literacy and promotion of saving and credit groups. WFP and the Ministry of Agriculture signed a Memorandum of Understanding in April 2023.

With the **Ministry of Environment**, WFP is supporting advocacy for increasing **climate financing** in Haiti given its fragile context and complex emergency. This joint collaboration aims to scale-up nature-based solutions to reduce the impacts of climate risks and build climate resilience, leveraging WFP's asset creation and community-based participatory planning tools.

WFP also plans to enhance its collaboration with the **Ministry of Economy and Finance** to enable inclusive **macro-insurance** coverage to reach Haitians via the Caribbean Catastrophe Risk Insurance Facility (CCRIF) as part of its support to integrating anticipatory actions into the social protection's disaster risk management system and disaster risk finance layering.

In
partnership
with :





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

In partnership
with :



Emergency response in Haiti

Through its emergency programmes, WFP provides **unconditional food** and **cash assistance** to vulnerable households and ensures contingency stocks and preparedness measures are put in place to respond to shocks. WFP's emergency response is done **in coordination with the government**, through the Fund for Economic and Social Assistance (FAES), funded by the Inter American Development Bank and providing emergency social assistance through hot meal distributions and cash distributions, and with the Directorate for Civil Protection for hot meals distributions.

In 2023, WFP assisted **1.26 million people** with **2,504 mt** of food, 1 million hot meals and **USD 43.3 million** of cash-based transfers. In 2024, WFP aims to reach 1.5 million people with its emergency operations, with 15,400 mt of food and USD 80.6 million in cash transfers. Currently, WFP emergency operations are 30% funded for the next six-months.

Almost half the population in Haiti (4.35 million people) are acutely food insecure and in need of food assistance. WFP assists beneficiaries with in-kind and cash-based transfers. The transfers aim to cover around **70 percent** of the improved food basket, while the food rations are calculated to **meet a household's needs for one month**.

The **security situation** in Haiti has worsened following the beginning of the complex crisis in

September 2022, and accessing beneficiaries has become increasingly challenging throughout the year. WFP Haiti created an Access unit to facilitate access to the most vulnerable populations affected by violence, and to safeguard logistics routes.

As part of WFP's **rapid responses mechanisms**, 1 million hot meals were distributed across 4 departments to assist vulnerable people facing:

- **Armed-group violence**, leading to urban displacement in the Metropolitan area of Port au Prince (70% of hot meals distributed for this response);
- **Mass deportation and repatriation** from the Dominican Republic the North-East and Center departments.
- **Natural disasters** and the flood of June 2023.

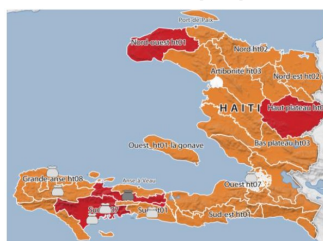
WFP is increasing the **digitalization** of its emergency response, with 40% of it done through digital cash responses, compared to 6,8% for other humanitarian actors on average in Haiti.

IPC evolution from 2020 to 2024

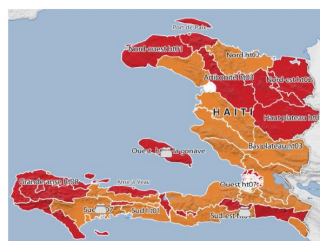
IPC 3+ : 4 million people
IPC 4: 905,471 people



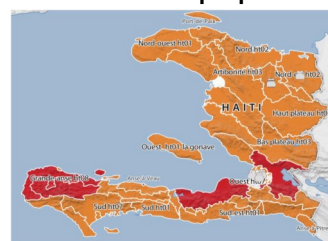
IPC 3+ : 4.3 million people
IPC 4: 1.3 million people



IPC 3+ : 4.7 million people
IPC 4: 1.7 million people



IPC 3+ : 4.35 million people
IPC 4: 1.4 million people



February 2024



World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Policy and social protection activities in Haiti

Social protection programmes are the set of policies and programmes aimed at preventing or protecting all people against poverty, vulnerability, and social exclusion throughout their lifecycles, with a particular emphasis towards vulnerable groups.

WFP supported the Government of Haiti in the development of the **National Social Protection and Promotion Policy** (NSPPP), adopted in June 2020, and of its Action Plan adopted in October 2023. This policy provides the institutional framework for all future social protection initiatives. Since its adoption, WFP has been working with the Government on a roadmap for its gradual implementation. WFP also supported the development of the National School Feeding Policy.

WFP is equally supporting the **SIMAST** (the Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour's Information System), a **social registry** developed in 2013 used to assess vulnerability and target social assistance programmes. It covers 85 communes and **626,321 households** (of which 78,000 registered in 2023), amounting to 3.1 million people, or **26% of the population in Haiti**. WFP supports its continued geographical expansion, and the Government's goal by 2025 is to increase that figure to 40% of the total population registered in the SIMAST, as well as the assessment of other data collection methodologies focusing on innovation to support the expansion, including the use of non-traditional data sources (ex. cellular data).

Both the NSPPP and the SIMAST support the **ASPIRE** (Adaptive Social Protection for Increased Resilience) programme, a **nationally led social protection programme**. **USD 75 million** was awarded by the World Bank to the Haitian Government, with WFP as a key implementing partner, to carry out the social safety net included in the NSPPP. The programme will also improve health and nutrition outcomes for the households and promote financial inclusion.

Moving forward, WFP and its partners will continue to **build inclusive Government to People systems** (G2P) in Haiti, while strengthening the institutional capacity of the government, which will take over the management of the Klere Chimen programme (ASPIRE project's name in Creole) in the next two years. WFP's work has centered around building digital public infrastructure for more inclusive social protection in Haiti.

In 2023, WFP has successfully supported the Ministry of Social Affairs in delivering the ASPIRE programme, resulting in the delivery of cash-based transfers to more than **120,035 people** in 2023, contributing to families meeting their food needs and healthy diets. Despite common perceptions that Haiti is a predominantly cash-based society, WFP has sped up assistance delivery through **e-wallets**. Within less than a year, the proportion of Klere Chimen safety net recipients receiving transfers digitally climbed from **3%** (May 2022) **to 67%** (Dec 2023).

WFP supports establishing **shock-responsive social protection** by assisting the Ministry and the Directorate for Civil Protection in adopting a framework and early warning system. This involves utilizing the social protection system to provide emergency assistance before (Anticipatory Action) or after a shock.

In partnership
with





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

The school meals programme in Haiti and its transition to home-grown school meals

School meals are a priority in Haiti: in a country where 44% of the population needs urgent food assistance, a daily meal at school is a simple way to **ensure children receive at least one nutritious meal every day**. School meals help keep children in school, and improve their graduation rate, so that they become healthy, productive adults, contributing to their country's development, and breaking the intergenerational cycle of hunger, malnutrition and poverty.

The vision and goal of the Haitian Government through the Ministry of National Education and Vocational Training (MENFP) is to ensure all schoolchildren have access to the nutritious food they need to be able to learn, through the provision of a healthy and balanced complementary diet in schools, prepared with almost exclusively locally produced food and respecting nutritional standards so that **hunger is not a barrier to education**. The overall objectives are: (i) the provision of quality food services; (ii) supporting the local economy and local food production; (iii) the development of good governance mechanisms; and (iv) participatory management and community ownership.

Despite access constraints to reach schools in Croix-des-Bouquets and Arcahaie, WFP reached

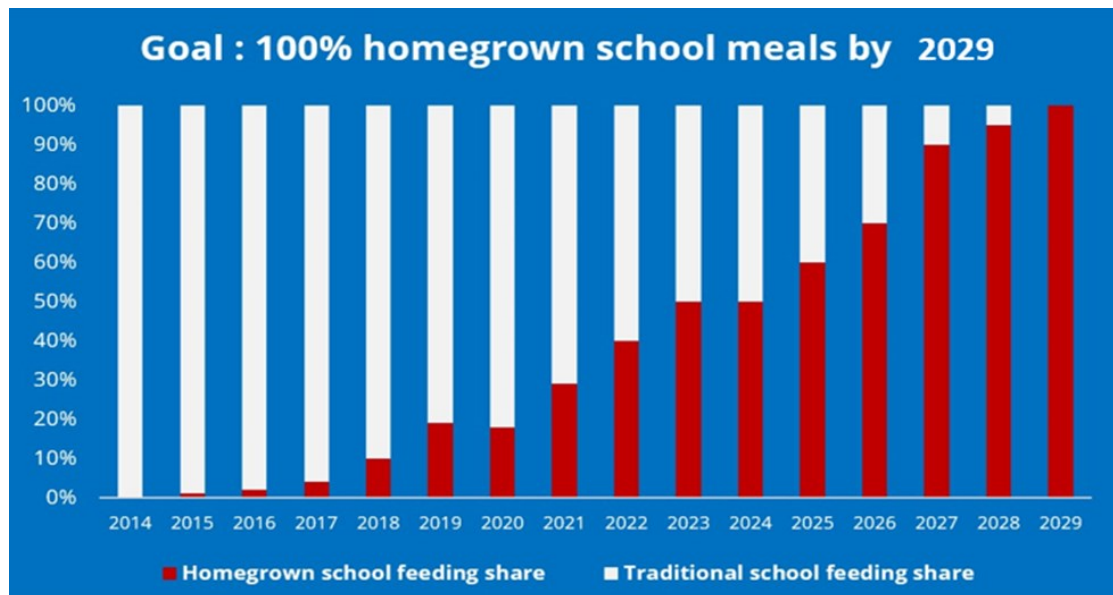
450,279 school children in 2023, and aims to reach 492,000 in 2024. The school meals programme is **also reactive to shocks**, as WFP distributes take-home rations to students when schools are closed due to shock.

WFP is also supported the MENFP in updating the **National School Feeding Policy and Strategy** (PSNAS), which aims to strengthen local procurement and management, and governance of the sector. The PSNAS aims to use only locally produced food for school canteens in Haiti by 2030. WFP supports this objective, and is transitioning from a traditional school meals programme, which uses mostly imported goods, to a **home-grown school meals programme**, through which all the goods (except oil) are locally sourced.

Through home grown school meals, WFP supports (i) the Haitian economy through local purchases; (ii) the diversification of schoolchildren's diet; and (iii) local farming by strengthening smallholder farmers' access to markets. At the end of 2023, WFP has reached its goal of providing locally-sourced meals to **225,927 school children** (50% of the total) in **7 departments**: Artibonite, Centre, Grand'Anse, Nippes, Ouest, Nord and Sud.

In partnership
with :





WFP works with 170 OPAs (*Organisations de Producteurs Agricoles*) and their 20,000 members, to source food from smallholder farmers. In 2023, **4,340 mt of local products were bought**, worth approximately **USD 8.4 million**, a record for WFP in the region and in Haiti.

WFP also provides support to the OPAs, helping them improve the quality of their products, subsidizing the set-up of processing facilities and providing them with quality control equipment. **In partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development**, WFP also provides technical trainings on storage and grain conservation, quality control and reduction of post-harvest losses. Finally, WFP provides training to respond to calls for tenders, negotiation and contracting to improve access to markets.

Additionally, schools are used as a **platform to improve gender norms** and promote the equality of women and men as well as girls and boys. Other complementary activities include **literacy training**, as well as guidance on **water, sanitation and hygiene practices**, the establishment of hand-washing stations

and the construction and rehabilitation of latrines in the Grand'Anse, Nord and Nord-Est departments.

WFP is also sensitive to the **environmental impact** of its programmes. In 2022, the Clean Cooking project introduced heat retention bags (HRB), gas stoves and clean cooking trainings to school cooks. The HRB is a non-electric slow cooker developed for people cooking over open fires. WFP trained its staff, cooperating partners, school cooks and communities around the country, explaining how to combine HRBs with any energy source (firewood, charcoal, gas stoves etc) to cook traditional recipes. HRBs **decrease energy costs** by up to 70 percent for recipes prepared in schools and improve the health of cooks by **decreasing indoor pollution in** closed spaces by 60 percent. Furthermore, HRB are made from recycled plastic, diverting waste from landfills and reducing environmental pollution.

In 2023, 3,290 HRBs were distributed to 1,400 cooks and **350 schools in 8 regions**. WFP plans to distribute another 1,150 HRBs to schools and 350 to the cooks at the start of the new school year.





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Resilience activities in Haiti

Due to Haiti's high exposure to rapid-onset shocks and stressors resulting from natural hazards, as well as socio-political and economic instability, **WFP is working to reinforce the resilience of Haitians through asset creation and livelihood programmes.** WFP works in partnerships with the **Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development** and in alignment with its Agricultural Development Plan.

The asset creation and livelihood programme aims to **support communities** in some of the most vulnerable areas of Haiti by mitigating, adapting, and recovering from seasonal shocks and recurring hazards, while also working to improve their long-term food security, livelihoods and community resilience.

In 2023, WFP **supported around 210,000 people** through its resilience activities. WFP was unable to meet its goal of reaching 250,000 people due to funding shortfalls. In **2024**, WFP aims to reach **250,000** people, funding permitting.

Participants receive **conditional cash** while they build, rehabilitate or improve productive or protective community assets, as well as tools, inputs and technical assistance. In 2023, 34,437 households (172,185 people) participated in 80-day cycles and received cash-based transfers of around USD 100 per month to cover the cost of food and basic needs. A total of around USD 8.6 million were distributed. In addition, 52,825 people benefit from WFP's micro-insurance coverage (see factsheet on micro-insurance for more details).

WFP delivers **complementary activities** in the same zones, prioritising a gender and nutrition-sensitive approach with a social behavioral communication change lens.

WFP invests in **three main pillars**: The **local ecosystem** is strengthened through disaster risk reduction environmental-related solutions, while reinforcing **local agriculture and livestock** through community-led soil and water conservation activities, including providing agricultural inputs, livestock, and technical and financial assistance to actors throughout the food value chain. **WFP's resilience projects enable access to basic social services, stimulate market dynamics and contribute to conflict-reduction** through the rehabilitation of rural roads, installation of potable water abstraction points and shock-related solutions such as micro-insurance assistance. Resilience activities also provide a source of income for participants who receive conditional-cash remuneration in exchange for taking part in construction or rehabilitation conducted through the programme.

Throughout the definition, design, delivery and documentation for scale-up of its resilience programming, WFP adopts the Three-Pronged approach to guarantee that programmes are planned to bring together a plethora of actors through a **participatory process and respond to local needs**, therefore boosting community ownership and acceptance of climate adaptation and risk management measures.

In partnership
with :



Gouvernement de la
République d'Haïti

Ministère de l'Agriculture,
des Ressources Naturelles
et du Développement Rural

Assets created/rehabilitated in 2023 (as of December)



78 km of rural roads rehabilitated



52.5 km of irrigation canals rehabilitated to enhance agricultural land



937 hectares of land rehabilitated or benefitting from irrigation infrastructure



92 km of drainage canals and flood protection dykes built or rehabilitated



World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Micro-insurance activities in Haiti

In October 2022, WFP Haiti, in partnership with local insurer, Alternative Insurance Company (AIC), technical service provider Weather Risk Management Solutions (WRMS), and international reinsurance company Scor Re, launched an index-based **micro-insurance** pilot covering productive activities of smallholder farmers for the duration of one year. This program provides protection against two major climate risks: excess rainfall and rainfall deficit.

In total, **10,565 households (52,825 people)** in Grand'Anse, South, Nippes and Artibonite are insured for the **2023-24 cropping and hurricane seasons**. The households who joined the micro-insurance programme in 2023 included 1,050 (5,250 people) benefiting from asset-creation activities in the South, 1,200 households (6,000 people) benefiting from the ASPIRE project in Grand Anse (please see policy factsheet), while the remaining were part of a larger network of smallholder farmers and a federation of agricultural cooperatives. Claims pay-out for both excess rainfall and rain deficit were triggered for some 3,574 households (17,870 people) the last quarter of 2023, and were delivered in January 2024. WFP's goal is to cover 70,055 people at the end of the 2024 hurricane season.

The **objectives of risk financing actions in Haiti** are to: (i) design microinsurance products that are integrated in resilience building strategies promoting productivity and securing livelihood that are easily scalable; (ii) introduce insurance components that can be linked to other financial services and tools (formal and informal); (iii) guarantee a critical mass through a smart subsidy approach, aggregation and distribution schemes; (iv) complement other WFP Haiti interventions aiming at reinforcing smallholder farmers' capacities involved in the home-grown school feeding programme and livelihood and social protection programmes ; and (v) explore integration with macro level solutions - such as the coverage of The Caribbean Catastrophe Risk Insurance Facility - and Forecast Based Financing (FbF).

The coverage aims to **improve the resilience of farmer households and their cropping activity** through a risk transfer mechanism on one hand, **and reinforce the livelihood of social protection beneficiaries** on the other. It allows participants to protect their productive investments, better reduce their vulnerability when faced with risks such as excess rain and rain deficit, while understanding and adopting the use of new and well designed financial risk mitigation tools within their households and communities.

To help build **farmers' adaptive capacity and reduce their exposure to climate-related risks** in the Grand'Anse department, the selected cooperatives provided agricultural insurance participants with technical assistance and knowledge, risk mitigation and financial education. In the South department, support includes the implementation of environmental protection activities, such as soil and water conservation works and reforestation activities.

KEY MICROINSURANCE INFORMATION

	2022 (Pilot)	2023-24 (Scale Up)
	24,950 insured people (4,990 smallholder farmers households) (51% women)	70,055 insured people (14,011 smallholder farmers households) (50.5% women)
	2 departments / 11 communes Grand'Anse and Sud	4 departments / 21 communes Grand'Anse, Sud, Artibonite and Nippes
	USD 90 Average value of premiums	USD 92 Average value premiums
	USD 900 Average value of sum insured	USD 900 Average value of sum insured*
	Excess Rain and Rain Deficit	Excess Rain and Rain Deficit/ Wind Speed
	Pay out set at 4 triggers of a maximum of USD 450 per risk	Pay out set at 5 triggers* of a maximum of USD 450 per risk
	Total sum insured: USD 4.5 million	Total sum insured : USD 8.9 million

*USD 40 average value of yearly premium for USD 500 average yearly value of sum insured for ASPIRE beneficiaries

In
partnerships
with :



Gouvernement de la République d'Haiti
Ministère de l'Agriculture,
des Ressources Naturelles
et du Développement Rural



World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Climate action in Haiti

Amongst the world's most vulnerable countries to impacts of climate change and environmental degradation, Haiti is the third most impacted country in the world by extreme weather events, such as hurricanes, tropical storms and droughts, between 2000 - 2019. Around 96 percent of Haitians live under the threat of at least two of these risks according to the World Bank. Climate change adversely impacts lives and livelihoods, increases competition for resources and exacerbates drivers of insecurity. At the same time, existing insecurity limits the capacity of the country and its people to adapt and respond to climate change, magnifying its impact, especially on the most vulnerable people, such as women and children.

WFP's climate action work is coordinated with the **Ministry of environment, Ministry of agriculture, natural resources and rural development and Ministry of economy and finance**. Its Climate Action Strategy is aligned with the National Adaptation Plan, the National Climate Change Policy (PNCC 2019-2030) and country's Agricultural Development Policy (2010 - 2025).

In partnership with :

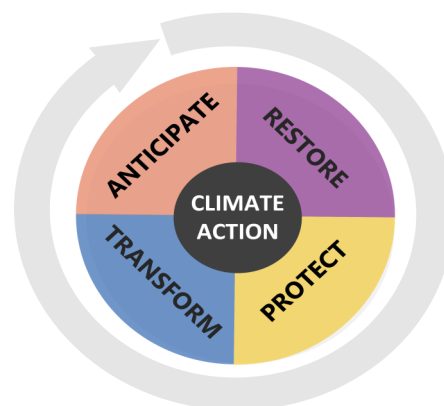


WFP developed a **Climate Action Strategy** in line with its Country Strategic Plan **2024-2028**. The strategy embeds climate action as a cross-cutting dimension throughout all of WFP operations in Haiti to support vulnerable communities and food systems. WFP strengthens its programmes to better address **climate variability and extreme weather events**, as well as **long-term climate change** aiming to support at risk populations to better adapt, prepare and respond to the increasing climate risk.

WFP is committed to addressing climate change as one of the root causes of food insecurity in the country by : (i) **anticipating** shocks before they turn into disasters; (ii) **restoring** degraded ecosystems

and supporting vulnerable communities to develop diversified, sustainable and shock-resilient livelihoods; (iii) **protecting** the most vulnerable households and; (iv) **transforming** communities and food systems with innovations for climate, nature and people.

Through its climate action, WFP aims to change the lives of **2 million people over 5 years**. WFP will partner with relevant stakeholders to revive coordination platforms around adaptation to climate change, enhance resilient and inclusive food systems for sustainable local production, promote gender-transformative approaches and support national institutions and Haitian civil society to unlock and mobilize traditional and innovative climate financing.



Anticipate shocks before they turn into disasters, through **forecast-based anticipatory action** and providing **climate information** for decision-making

Restore degraded ecosystems as shields against climate shocks and support communities to develop **climate-adapted and diversified livelihoods**

Protect the most vulnerable households and communities from extreme weather events, through **risk transfer mechanisms and adaptive social protection**

Transform and innovate food systems, including facilitating access to **sustainable energy solutions** and facilitating **market access** for local produce



Contingency stock in Haiti

The contingency stock is a key tool that WFP uses to ensure that crisis-affected populations in Haiti can **meet their basic food needs in times of crisis**. Having pre-positioned commodities available in country allows WFP to respond to sudden-onset disasters and crises to meet the needs of affected populations quickly and effectively, while additional assistance is planned and prepared for in later weeks, if required.

Fully stocked, the **3,971 mt contingency stock** allows WFP to feed up to **300,000 people** with unconditional food assistance, including 50 kg of rice, 12.5 kg of beans, and 3.68 kg of oil per household for **one month**. This represents 81% (1,693 Kcals per person/day) of daily caloric needs.

To distribute the emergency rations, WFP utilizes its own fleet of trucks (25 all-terrain 4x4 trucks) to access the most difficult secondary and tertiary roads, its cooperating partners, and commercial transporters for main road routes.

In-kind commodities provided by USAID/BHA helped replenish the majority of the contingency stock, while **1,728 mt were locally purchased**.

These purchases were contracted through local suppliers and WFP has put in place Food Supplier Agreements to be able to swiftly trigger food purchases with support from Canada and internal funding mechanism, worth USD 1.5 million.

WFP will solely trigger the local option if and when needed. This will allow the stock to be more **agile and save costs**. Some funding gaps remain to fully reach the 3.971 mt.

Following the looting of WFP warehouses in Haiti, **650 mt of food** are stored in the **Dominican Republic** as a mitigation measure.

Percentage of locally vs internationally purchased food for the contingency stock



In partnership
with :





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Supply chain and logistics in Haiti

Supply Chain and Logistics capacities are key to **delivering WFP's humanitarian assistance in the fastest, most efficient and cost-effective way possible**. WFP's humanitarian logistics coordination and service support to humanitarian and development organisation in country is also essential. This role is realized through the **Logistics Sector** coordination which is co-led by the Directorate for Civil Protection and WFP, on-demand logistics services and preparedness capacity strengthening for the national system of disaster risks management system.

In Haiti, WFP has **25 trucks, 1 helicopter** and access to a **maritime solution** to power its own operations, as well as to the humanitarian community, including other UN agencies, NGOs and government entities through on-demand service provision. In 2023, **218 requests were received from 36 partners**, including storage, transport and fuel. Through fuel provision, WFP distributed 255,273 liters to 14 partners.

WFP contracted a maritime service with a local company to support the humanitarian community to circumvent armed group controlled areas. After a

three-month service suspension due to the complex crisis that started in September 2022, WFP resumed the maritime transport services offered to the humanitarian community. In 2023, **27 partners have used the maritime service**, allowing the passage 2,668 MT of commodities in 132 voyages to the south and north of Haiti.

As part of its prepositioning strategy, WFP set up a logistics **corridor with the Dominican Republic**, to facilitate quick dispatch of humanitarian aid by land and sea in support of its emergency response. A total of **650 mt of contingency stock** are currently stored in the Dominican Republic bounded warehouse. WFP is also assessing other logistics solutions to enable a comprehensive response, if required.

WFP has **4 warehouses** in Port au Prince, Cap Haitian and the hurricane—proof Miragoane warehouse which covers the southern peninsula, totalling **22,500 mt** storage capacity, which can also be used by partners. WFP also has **6,170 mt of mobile storage** capacities and different equipment, such as trucks, ready to be deployed in case of emergency.

In partnership
with :





World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES



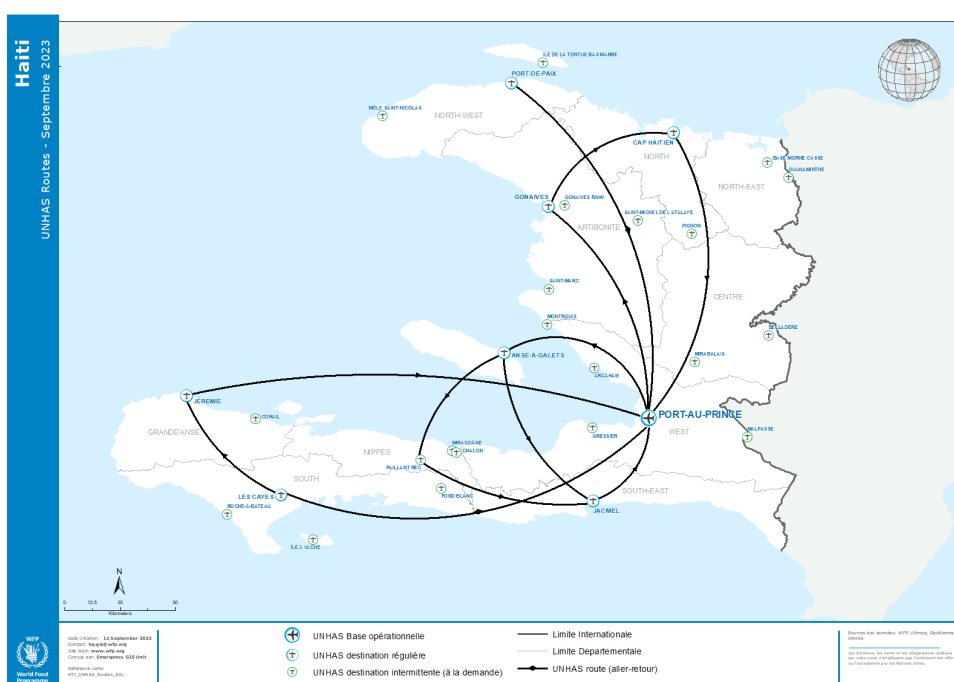
The United Nations Humanitarian Air Service

Operating in Haiti since November 2019, the **United Nations Humanitarian Air Service** (UNHAS) supports the humanitarian and development community to reach and assist the most vulnerable populations in remote areas, in addition to providing evacuations and transporting humanitarian cargo such as medical lifesaving equipment.

With **port and road access severely limited**, especially since the complex crisis started in September 2022, the **UNHAS air services are absolutely crucial** for all humanitarian organizations to have a safe, reliable and timely means of transport in the country and keep providing immediate support to vulnerable populations who are facing difficulties in accessing their livelihoods or get vital supplies. UNHAS also implemented the partial cost recovery modality for all partners in 2023.

Key figures	2022	2023
Flights	1,827	1,698
Number of passengers	12,836	16,146
Partners supported	152	140
Cargo	218,364	128,983
Destinations	53	20+

UNHAS currently operates one Sikorsky S-61 helicopter to support humanitarian response efforts in Haiti. As part of capacity-building initiatives, UNHAS has made significant efforts to train partners in the new Booking Hub system and strengthen the crucial **Airfield Focal Point network**. These efforts include training sessions covering basic aviation fundamentals, safety, and security for UNHAS operations.



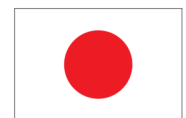


World Food Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES



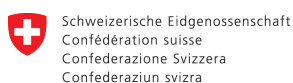
Thanks to the generous support from our partners



From
the People of Japan



REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA
GOV.SI



Swiss Agency for Development
and Cooperation SDC



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE



Contact: **Jean-Martin Bauer**, Country Director
jean-martin.bauer@wfp.org

Jurian Steeghs, Head of External Relations and Reporting
jurian.steeghs@wfp.org

Further information: [Haiti](#) | [World Food Programme \(wfp.org\)](#)